

# Assignment 10

171.303 Quantum Mechanics I

Due: December 4, 2018

## Problem 1

Consider a particle in an energy eigenstate  $|n\rangle$  of the harmonic oscillator Hamiltonian  $\hat{H} = \frac{\hat{p}_x^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2\hat{x}^2$ .

- (a) Calculate  $\langle x \rangle$  and  $\langle p_x \rangle$  for this state.
- (b) Calculate  $\Delta x$  and  $\Delta p_x$ . Verify that the Heisenberg uncertainty relation is satisfied. Which energy eigenstate(s) (if any) minimize the uncertainty?

## Problem 2

The ground state position-space wavefunction is  $\langle x|0\rangle = \left(\frac{m\omega}{\pi\hbar}\right)^{1/4} e^{-m\omega x^2/2\hbar}$ .

- (a) Using a Fourier transform, find the momentum-space wavefunction  $\langle p|0\rangle$ .
- (b) Use the momentum-space representation of the raising operator  $\hat{a}^\dagger$  to find the momentum-space wavefunction of the first excited state  $\langle p|1\rangle$ .  
*Hint:* Recall that in momentum space,  $\hat{x} \rightarrow i\hbar\frac{\partial}{\partial p}$ .

## Problem 3

The commutation relation  $[\hat{a}, \hat{a}^\dagger] = 1$  (or, equivalently,  $[\hat{x}, \hat{p}_x] = i\hbar$ ) is only possible for an infinite dimensional space.

- (a) Suppose we have  $[\hat{A}, \hat{B}] = \hat{C}$  on a finite-dimensional space. Show that  $\text{tr}\hat{C} = 0$ . This is incompatible with  $\hat{C} = 1$  since the identity operator has nonzero trace.

(b) Now considering the harmonic oscillator, calculate the energy basis matrix representations of  $\hat{a}$  and  $\hat{a}^\dagger$ , and verify the commutator identity  $[\hat{a}, \hat{a}^\dagger] = 1$  in matrix form.

(c) Check that the operators  $\hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}$  and  $\hat{a} \hat{a}^\dagger$  do not have well-defined traces. This loophole allows us to get around your results from (a), but only in infinite dimensional spaces.